CT BEHAVIORAL HEALTH HOMES

December Wellness Packet:

The Winter Blues, Isolation & COVID19













December 2020 **

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	
December Check-ins:	2019 CMS Measures	1 World AIDS Day	2	3	4	8	
6	7	8 BHH Tableau Reporting Support Group	9 BHH Credentialing Due	10	BHH Health Literacy Committee Meeting	12	
13	14	National In	¹⁶ fluenza Vaccina		BHH Work Group: 2020 Highlights and Achievements	19	
20	21 National Homeless Person's Remembrance Day	22	23	24	25	26	
27	28	29	Health Assessments Due				

Resources



Seasonal Affective Disorder

<u>Seasonal Affective Disorder</u>—Flyer containing the definition, causes and symptoms of SAD

<u>Will COVID-19 Make Seasonal Affective</u>
<u>Disorder Worse?</u>—"A Yale Medicine expert explains seasonal affective disorder and how COVID-19 may impact it."

How to Cope with the Winter Blues and COVID-19—"Research offers some effective treatments for this double whammy."

<u>Personal Inventory for Depression and</u>
<u>SAD</u>—Self-Assessment to help clients decide if they should speak with their clinician.

SAD/Seasonal Moods Questionnaire

Beating the Winter Blues: A Guide on Getting Through Winter at Cornell

COVID-19 & Social Distancing

<u>Coronavirus: How to Prepare for the Fall and Winter</u>

<u>Tips on how to cope if you are worried</u> about Coronavirus and isolation

Coping with Isolation during COVID-19

Affirmations for COVID-19 Anxiety

FAQs on COVID-19 and Addiction/Substance
Use Disorder



Staff Burnout

<u>Therapists' Burnout: Facts, Causes, and Prevention</u>—Definition of burnout, top stressors, and prevention tips

Burnout Prevention and Treatment—"If constant stress has you feeling helpless, disillusioned, and completely exhausted, you may be on the road to burnout. Learn what you can do to regain your balance and feel positive and hopeful again."



Loneliness and Isolation

Signs of Chronic Loneliness—Cigna Health

<u>Social Isolation and Loneliness</u>—The difference between the two

Soothe Your Lonely Feelings With Acceptance and Positivity

<u>UCLA Loneliness Scale</u>—"20 –item scale designed to measure one's subjective feelings of loneliness as well as feelings of social isolation."

<u>The Risks of Social Isolation</u>—"Psychologists are studying how to combat loneliness in those most at risk, such as older adults"

<u>Combating Loneliness</u> - A campaign and resource guide to help end loneliness, especially among the older population

December BHH Services Examples

Comprehensive Care Management (TCM, CM)	Care Coordination (TCM, CM)	Health Promotion (Psycho-Education)	Patient and Family Support (TCM, CM)	Comprehensive Transitional Care (CM)	Referral to Community Support Services (TCM, CM)
⇒ Now is the perfect time to reach out to clients to learn how they have been impacted by COVID19, Long-term Isolation, and the "Winter Blues"	 ⇒ Speak with clients' primary care physicians and specialists to: ⇒ Learn if clients are attending appointments 	 ⇒ Review with clients how to stay healthy and safe during the pandemic ⇒ Encourage all clients to eat healthy and 	 ⇒ Encourage clients to speak with family and friends as often as possible. ⇒ If a client has a support listed, speak with the 	If the client is hospitalized due to COVID ⇒ Speak with hospital staff so they are aware of client's mental healthcare needs	 ⇒ Discuss social needs with clients and try to find online services ⇒ Identify community organizations that are hosting virtual groups
⇒ If need be, update treat- ment plans and goals to reflect the client's current needs, as changed by the pandemic.	⇒ Discuss how client has been mentally impacted by the pandemic ⇒ Develop a plan to ensure clients to	exercise, as these activities will improve their immunity and may relieve feelings of sadness related to the winter blues	person if a client starts to show signs of seasonal affective disorder If possible, provide the virtual space to	⇒ If possible, speak with client prior to their release to ensure they have everything they need make a full recovery	⇒ Encourage clients to find ways to socially interact with others
⇒ Assess clients for chronic loneliness, COVID-related anxiety, and seasonal affective disorder.	receive	⇒ Educate clients on why they should seek to reduce their substance use. Alcohol and other	educate entire families on surviving the pandemic during the winter months.	⇒ Encourage client to quarantine. If the client is hospitalized	***
⇒ Work with clients to develop a plan to stay active and exercise during the winter months	⇒ Continue to help clients schedule and attend essential	substances can in- crease their risk of complications if a client is exposed to COVID19.	⇒ Encourage clients to mail letters to communicate with families and friends	due to seasonal depression ⇒ Ensure client has a plan to manage their seasonal affective	****
	appointments			disorder prior to being releases	